

The Graphics Pipeline

Topics

1. Defining graphics architectures
2. The graphics pipeline
3. Computation and bandwidth requirements

Papers

Required

1. The design of the OpenGL graphics interface, M. Segal and K. Akeley

Optional

1. The OpenGL Specification, M. Segal and K. Akeley

Both papers will be available from course web site:

<http://www.graphics.stanford.edu/courses/cs448a-01-fall>

Lecture slides will also be available online

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Graphics Systems and Libraries

Declarative (What, not How)

Describe the scene

For example: virtual camera

Systems

- RenderMan scene description
- Inventor and Performer scene graphs

Imperative (How, not What)

Emit a sequence of drawing commands

For example: load model-view matrix

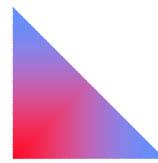
Systems

- OpenGL
- PostScript and Xlib

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Drawing Commands

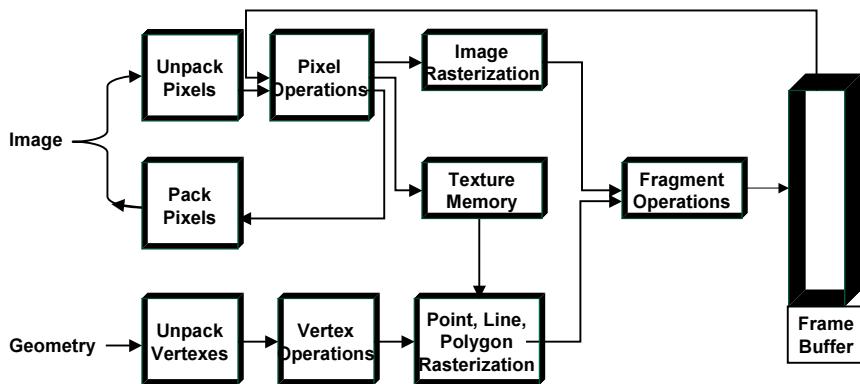


```
glBegin(GL_POLYGON);      glBegin(GL_POLYGON);  
    glColor(RED);          glColor(RED);  
    glVertex3i(0,0,0);     glVertex3i(0,0,0);  
    glVertex3i(1,0,0);     glColor(BLUE);  
    glVertex3i(0,1,0);     glVertex3i(1,0,0);  
    glEnd();              glColor(BLUE);  
                        glVertex3i(0,1,0);  
                        glEnd()
```

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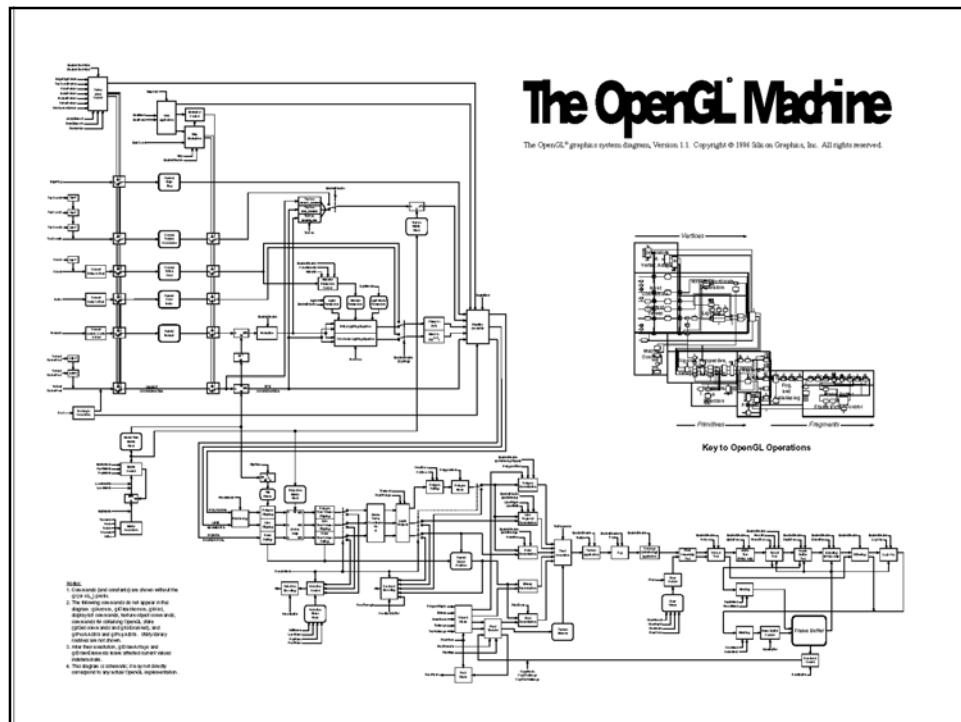
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OpenGL Architecture



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API = ISA

VLIW-like instructions

- Specify operations
 - Multiple functional units
 - Orthogonal operations
- Specify data paths
 - Composition of operations

ISA Specification

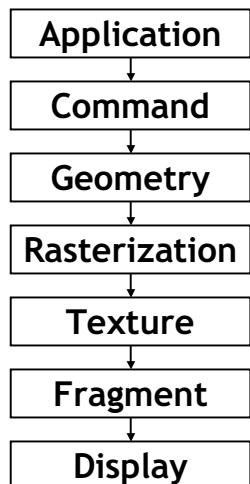
Invariance

- Does NOT precisely define drawing commands
 - For example:
 - Does not specify what pixels are inside a triangle
 - Does not specify the precision of intermediate calculations
 - Image drawn by two systems may differ
- Does require invariance across modes
 - Image drawn in two modes must be the “same”

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Modern Graphics Pipeline



Forward-Algorithm

A trip down the graphics pipeline

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Application

Simulation

Input event handlers

Modify data structures

Database traversal

Primitive generation

Utility functions

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Command

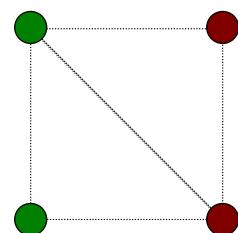
Command buffering

Command interpretation

Unpack and perform format conversion

Maintain graphics state

```
glLoadIdentity( );
glMultMatrix( T );
glBegin( GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP );
glColor3f( 0.0, 0.5, 0.0 );
glVertex3f( 0.0, 0.0, 0.0 );
glColor3f( 0.5, 0.0, 0.0 );
glVertex3f( 1.0, 0.0, 0.0 );
glColor3f( 0.0, 0.5, 0.0 );
glVertex3f( 0.0, 1.0, 0.0 );
glColor3f( 0.5, 0.0, 0.0 );
glVertex3f( 1.0, 1.0, 0.0 );
...
glEnd( );
```



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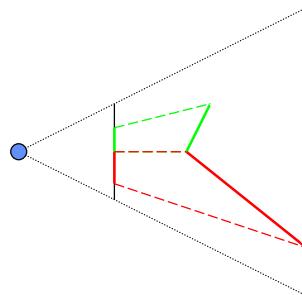
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Geometry

Evaluation of polynomials for curved surfaces

Transform and projection

Clipping, culling and primitive assembly



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Geometry

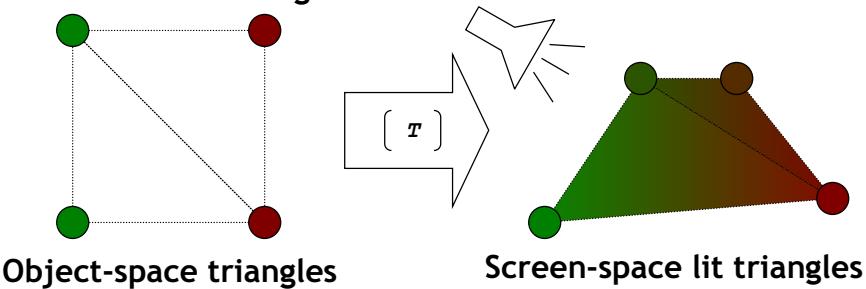
Evaluation of polynomials for curved surfaces

Transform and projection (object \rightarrow image space)

Clipping, culling and primitive assembly

Lighting (light sources and surface reflection)

Texture coordinate generation



Object-space triangles

Screen-space lit triangles

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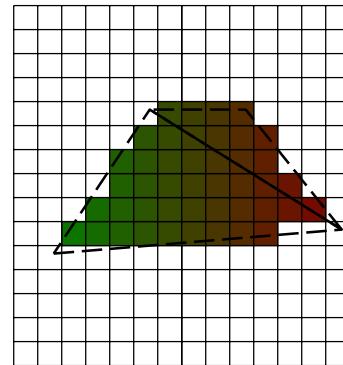
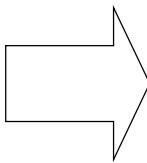
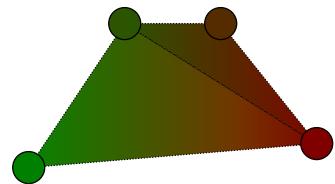
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Rasterization

Setup (per-triangle)

Sampling (triangle = {fragments})

Interpolation (interpolate colors and coordinates)



Screen-space triangles

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Fragments

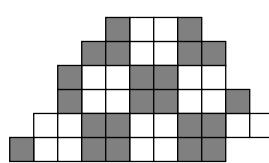
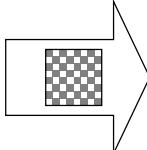
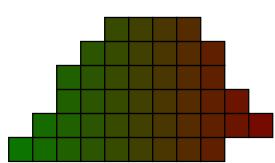
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Texture

Texture transformation and projection

Texture address calculation

Texture filtering



Fragments

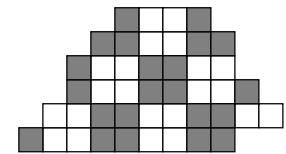
Texture Fragments

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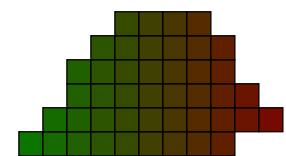
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Fragment

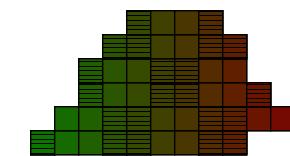
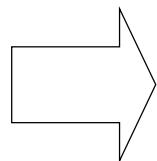
Texture combiners



Texture Fragments



Fragments



Textured Fragments

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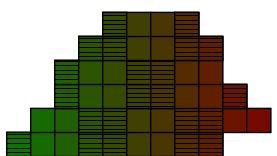
Fragment

Texture combiners and fog

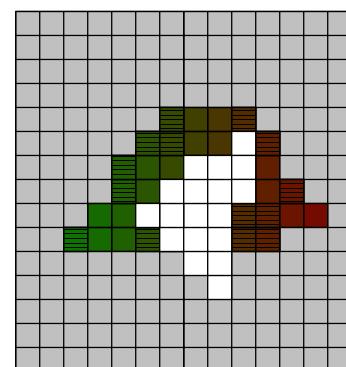
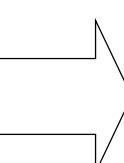
Owner, scissor, depth, alpha and stencil tests

Blending or compositing

Dithering and logical operations



Textured Fragments



Framebuffer Pixels

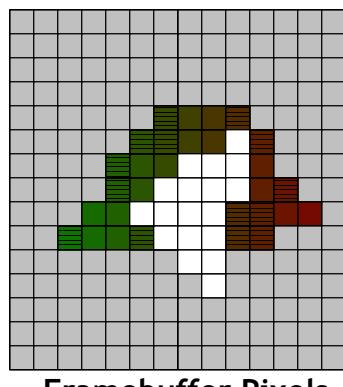
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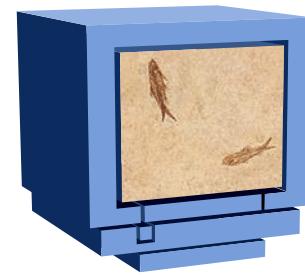
Display

Gamma correction

Analog to digital conversion



Framebuffer Pixels

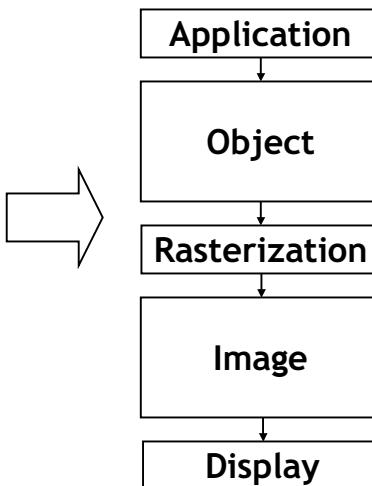
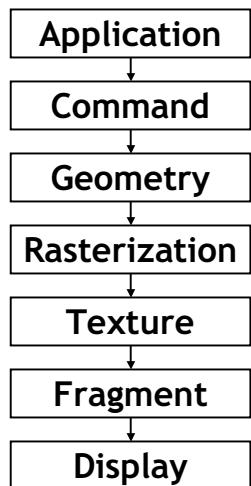


Light

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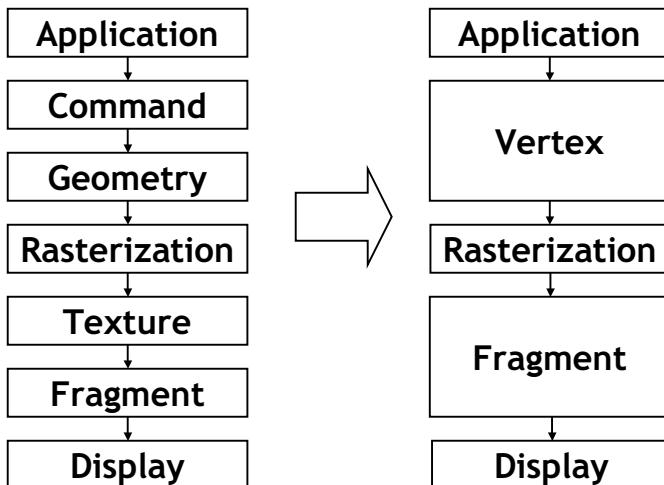
Graphics Pipeline



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Graphics Pipeline



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Functionality vs. Frequency

Geometry processing = per-vertex

Transformation and Lighting (T & L)

Floating point; complex operations

10 million vertices

Fragment processing = per-fragment

Blending and texture combination

Fixed point; limited operations

1 billion fragments

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Evolution of the Graphics Pipeline

History

Framebuffers: display

Geometry processing: transformation and lighting

Rasterization: hidden surface and simple shading

Texturing: perspective correct texture lookup

Antialiasing: multisampling

Shading: multiple textures and texture combiners

Where and how to insert new functionality?

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Inserting Functionality: Order

Hidden-surface elimination

painters algorithm = hide-first

z-buffer = hide-last

Texturing

Fragment textures = texture-last

Vertex textures = texture-first

Shading

Vertex shading = shade-first or shade-first-vertex

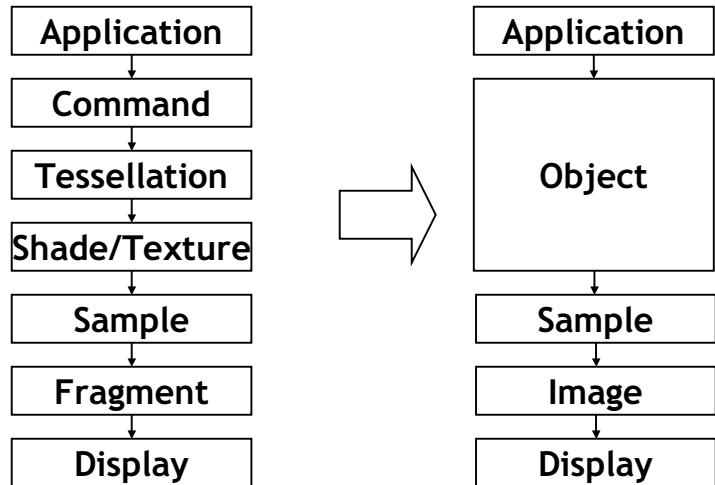
Fragment shading = shade-last-fragment

Deferred shading = shade-last-pixel

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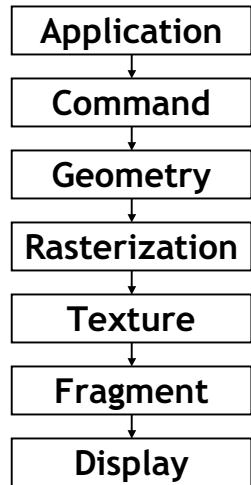
Reyes Architecture



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Computational Requirements



Geometry (per-vertex)

Assumptions:

- 1 infinite light
- Texture coordinates

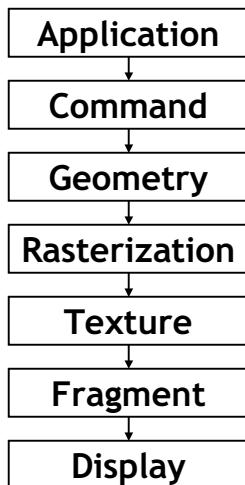
ADD	CMP	MUL	DIV	SPE
40	8	53	1	1

Rough estimate: 100 ops

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Computational Requirements



Rasterization: per-vertex
Assumptions:
- 7 interpolants (z, r, g, b, s, t, q)

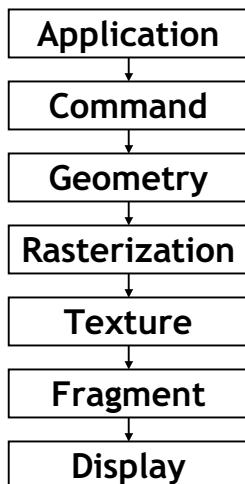
ADD	CMP	MUL	DIV	SPE
62	22	55	4	0

Rough estimate

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Computational Requirements



Rasterization: per-fragment
Assumptions:
- 7 interpolants (z, r, g, b, s, t, q)

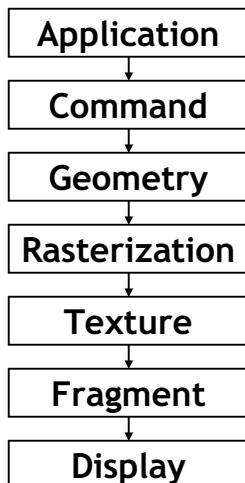
ADD	CMP	MUL	DIV	SPE
16	3	6	0	0

Rough estimate

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Computational Requirements



Texture: per-fragment

Assumptions:

- Projective texture mapping
- Level of detail calculation
- Trilinear interpolation

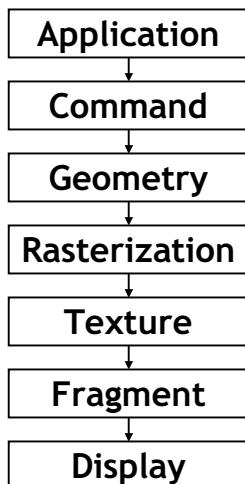
ADD	CMP	MUL	DIV	SPE
42	5	48	1	3

Rough estimate

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Computational Requirements



Fragment: per-fragment

Assumptions:

- Texture blending
- Color blending
- Depth buffering

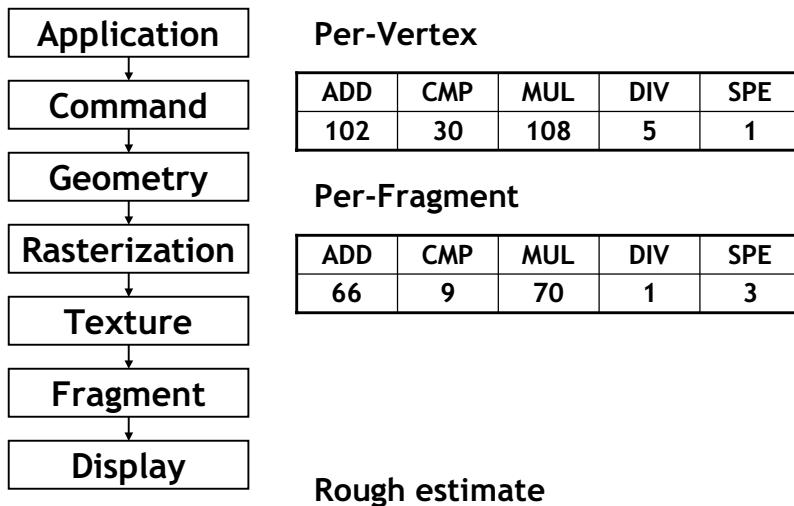
ADD	CMP	MUL	DIV	SPE
8	1	16	0	0

Rough estimate

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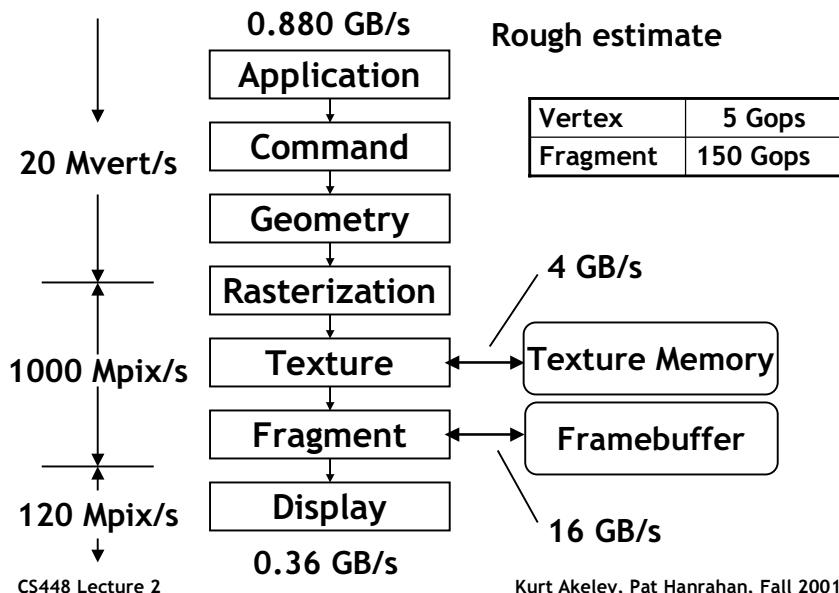
Computational Requirements



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Communication Requirements



Graphics State or Context

Required to minimize data transmission

Resources (shared or global, persistent)

- Fonts
- Texture
- Display lists

Attributes

- Appearance: Lights, Materials, Colors, ...
- Transformation: camera, model, texture, ...
- Options: fb formats, constant per-frame

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Graphics State

Ideally small and bounded

e.g. maximum number of lights

OpenGL: ~12kb

Distributed throughout the pipeline

Difficult to manage (forces major design decisions)

Must often be broadcast; must be consistent

Hard to switch contexts

OpenGL has a single context; X has multiple contexts

One drawing process; windows are difficult

Difficult to query state

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